

Hosea – Introduction and Survey of Chapters 1-3

Introduction

- I. Background Information
 - A. Hosea – A Contemporary of A_____, J_____, I_____, and M_____ (Joel?)
 - B. Ministered P_____ in the N_____ K_____ for About S_____ Y_____
 - C. A Time of Great P_____ and E_____ Prosperity But S_____ Decline Under Jeroboam II (II Kings 14:23-29)
 - D. He P_____ the A_____ C_____ of Israel (5:13-15 and 8:7-9:3)
- II. The Central Message – Israel Has Been U_____ to Her L_____ God Who Will P_____ and Then R_____ Her
- III. A Simple Outline
 - A. Hosea’s M_____ Illustrates the Central Message (Chapters 1-3)
 - B. Hosea P_____ His M_____ (Chapters 4-14)

A Survey of Chapters 1-3

- I. Gomer: A P_____ of Israel’s U_____ - A “H_____” (a woman of whoredom, a temple prostitute) Before Her A_____ M_____ to H_____ (1:2-3 and 2:2-12)
- II. The Children: A P_____ of God’s P_____ of Israel
 - A. Jezreel Means S_____ or S_____ (see II Kings 10:28-31).
 - B. Lo-ruhama – “She has not r_____ M_____.”
 - C. Lo-ammi- “Not m_____ p_____.”
- III. God’s L_____ R_____ of Israel

- A. Hosea's B_____ B_____ of G_____ (3:1-2 – a slave's price?)
- B. Gomer's I_____ - A P_____ of E_____ (3:3-4)
- C. C_____ R_____ (3:5 – see also 1:10-2:1, 2:16-23)
- D. Fulfilled as J_____ and G_____ Turn to C_____ (Romans 9:19-26, I Peter 2:9-10, Luke 1:31-33, Matthew 15:21-22, Acts 2:32-36, Romans 1:1-6, II Timothy 2:8-10, Revelation 22:12-17)