

Nahum – Part Two

An Outline of Nahum

- I. Introduction (1:1)
- II. A P_____ (Psalm) Rejoicing in God's W_____ (1:2-8)
- III. Words of D_____ for N_____ and of
D_____ for J_____ (1:9-2:2)
- IV. Two P_____ of Nineveh's D_____
 - A. First – 2:3-13
 - B. Second 3:1-19

Nahum and Jesus

1. Nahum brings words of c_____ to Judah and of d_____ to Nineveh. Consider Isaiah 40:1-5.
2. The image of the g_____ n_____ of p_____ being proclaimed for Judah at the destruction of Nineveh borrows heavily from I_____ prophecy of the M_____ and the preaching of the g_____ as described by Paul (1:15, Isaiah 40:9 and 52:7, Romans 10:14-17).

Nahum and Other Prophets

- The theme of A_____ demise is p_____ or
r_____ numerous other times in the O_____
T_____ (Isaiah 10:12-19, 14:24-25, 30:31-33, 31:8-9; Zephaniah 2:13-15;
Micah 5:5-6; Zechariah 10:11; Ezekiel 31:11-16 and 32:22-23).

Nineveh's Sins

1. C _____ (3:1-3 and 19)
2. L _____ (3:1)
3. A _____ (Isaiah 10:12-14)
4. I _____ (1:14)

Nineveh's Historical Accuracy

- Lutheran Scholar Walter A. Maier, who spent much time researching primary source material, lists twenty-two specific ways Nahum's prophecies were fulfilled when Nineveh was destroyed by the Babylonians in 612 B.C.
- Liberal scholars in the early 1900's, before much of the primary source material was available, claimed that all the details in the book of Nahum could not possibly be considered historically accurate (e.g. a quote from Streck).
- Now that the historical evidence indicates the accuracy of Nahum's claims, liberal scholars dismiss Nahum as a prophetic book and claim it was written long after 612 B.C. We who trust in our holy God to give us an inerrant word know better!
- Note six of the twenty-two fulfillments listed by Maier as we read Nahum 2:2-3:19.
 1. R _____ emblems were prominent in Assyria w _____ (2:3).
 2. F _____ took place when Nineveh was destroyed (2:6, 8 – see also 1:8).
 3. Much of Nineveh was b _____ by f _____ (2:13, 3:13 and 15 – see also 1:10).
 4. The Assyrian l _____ got d _____ on the night of their defeat (3:11 – see also 1:10).
 5. N _____ was under s _____ for at least three months and perhaps as long as two y _____ before its final d _____ (3:14).
 6. N _____ was destroyed f _____, and no one c _____ (3:7, 2:10, and 3:19).